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What is claimed is:

- 1. A radiographing apparatus, comprising:
 - a control section; and
- a plurality of radiographing sections each of which is connected to the control section,

wherein the control section establishes a standby mode in accordance with a situation that a non-used time period of each of the plurality of radiographing sections exceeds a predetermined time period.

- 2. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, wherein the control section establishes the standby mode for each of the plurality of radiographing sections.
- 3. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, wherein the control section determines the predetermined time for each of the plurality of radiographing sections in accordance with a used-frequency of each of the plurality of radiographing sections.
- 4. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, wherein the control section establishes the standby mode for itself after

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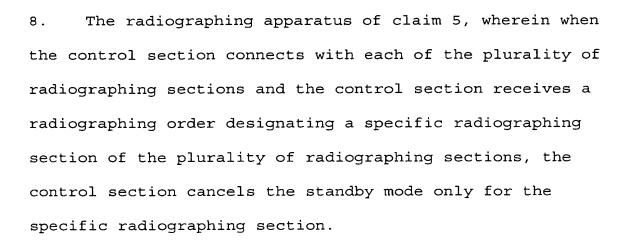
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the control section establishes the standby mode for all of the plurality of radiographing sections.

- 5. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, wherein the control section cancels the standby mode in accordance with a situation that the control sections receives a radiographing order.
- 6. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a receiving section connected to a network,

wherein the control section cancels the standby mode when the receiving section receives a radiographing order through the network.

7. The radiographing apparatus of claim 5, wherein the control section controls the connection between the control section and each of the plurality of radiographing sections, and when the control section connects with one of the plurality of radiographing sections, the control section cancels the standby mode for the connected radiographing section.



- 9. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, wherein under a condition that the control section establishes the standby mode for itself and all of the plurality of radiographing sections, when the control section is operated, the control section cancels the standby mode for itself and thereafter the control section selects one of the plurality of radiographing sections and cancels the standby mode for the selected radiographing section.
- 10. The radiographing apparatus of claim 1, further comprising:
- a radiation irradiating section connected to the control section,

wherein the control section establishes a standby mode in accordance with a situation that a non-used time period of

the radiation irradiating section exceeds a predetermined time period, and

wherein when the radiation irradiating section is operated, the control section cancels the standby mode for the radiation irradiating section.

- 11. The radiographing apparatus of claim 10, wherein under a condition that the control section establishes the standby mode for all of the plurality of radiographing sections, when the radiation irradiating section is correlated with one of the plurality of radiographing sections, the control section cancels the standby mode for the correlated specific radiographing section.
- 12. The radiographing apparatus of claim 10, wherein under a condition that the control section establishes the standby mode for all of the plurality of radiographing sections, when the radiation irradiating section is correlated with some specific radiographing sections of the plurality of radiographing sections, the control section cancels the standby mode for all of the correlated some radiographing sections.

- 13. A radiographing apparatus, comprising:
- a radiographing section to form an image corresponding to radiation received from a radiation irradiating section;

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- a first operating device connected to the radiographing section and to set a radiographing condition of the radiographing section; and
- a second operating device to change the radiographing condition set by the first operating section.
- 14. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the radiographing section is connected to the first operating device through a network.
- 15. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second operating device is detachably mounted on the radiographing section.
- 16. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second operating device comprises a communication member to communicate with the first operating device wirelessly and to transfer information about the change of the radiographing condition.

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17. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second operating device comprises a display member to display information about the radiographing condition set by the first operating device.

- 18. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the first operating device comprises a display member to display information about the radiographing condition changed by the second operating device.
- 19. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the second operating section has a higher priority to set the radiographing condition than the first operating device.
- 20. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein when a change of the radiographing condition which cannot be performed by the second operating device is operated, the second operating device comprises a display member to display an indication to show information that the change cannot be performed by the second operating device.
- 21. The radiographing apparatus of claim 13, wherein the radiographing apparatus has a standby mode established in a

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case that the radiographing apparatus is not used for a predetermined time period, and the second operating device cancels the standby mode by an operation for the second operating device.

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22. The radiographing apparatus of claim 21, wherein the second operating mode comprises a display member to display information that the standby mode is established.